

by Yvonne Gentzler, Ph.D Liz Romero, Ph.D.



Goodheart-Willcox Co., Inc. Tinley Park, Illinois

Chapter 23 Choosing a Place to Live

■ In this chapter, you will learn



Topic 23-1 Housing Options

- In this topic, you will learn about choosing housing that satisfies your needs, as well as
 - Meeting housing needs
 - Types of housing

Housing Options

Objectives for Topic 23-1

After studying this topic, you will be able to

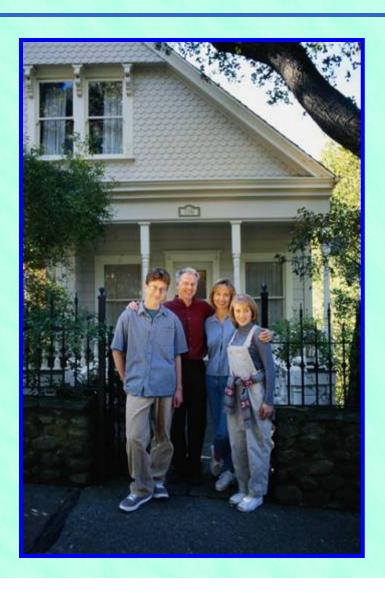
- give examples of how housing helps you meet your physical, social, and psychological needs
- list different types of housing
- explain the difference between single-family houses and multifamily dwellings
- describe how cooperatives and condominiums differ

Topic 23-1 Term

- housing
- *single-family house
- * attached house
- freestanding house
- custom house
- tract house

- * manufactured house
- multifamily dwelling
- cooperative
- * condominium

Physical Needs



- Housing is any dwelling that provides shelter
- Housing should satisfy the basic physical needs of all the people who live in it
 - shelter
 - food
 - * rest

Social Needs

- Before you choose a place to live, consider your social needs
 - Do you want space to entertain family and friends?
 - Do you need indoor or outdoor space for recreation?



Psychological Needs

■ Psychological needs are the way you feel about your living space

Security

A home should provide protection from the outside world and physical danger

* Familiarity

■ Many people want to live in a place that is familiar to them

Psychological Needs

* Beauty

Some people need to have beautiful surroundings where they live

Privacy

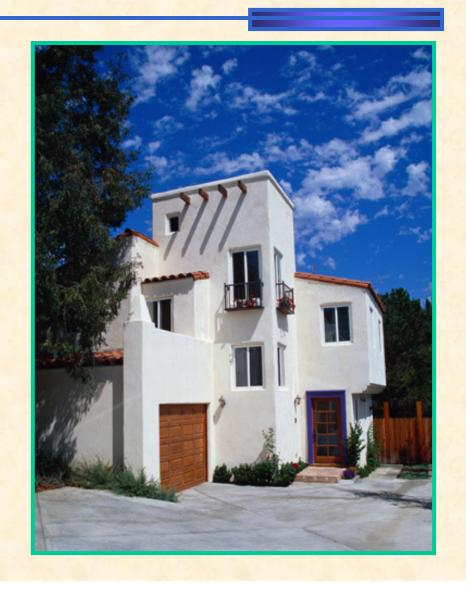
Most people need a quiet place to go for privacy

* Self-expression

People express themselves through their home

Types of Housing

- A wide variety of housing is available
- There are two types of housing
 - single-family housing
 - multifamily housing



Did You Know

Buying a home might be one of the largest financial commitments that a person or family ever makes



Single-Family Houses

- Single-family houses are designed to shelter one family
 - * Attached houses share common walls with the house on either side
 - * Freestanding houses stand alone
 - **Custom houses** are specifically designed by an architect and built for a new owner

Single-Family Houses

- *Tract houses* are built by a developer who builds an entire neighborhood
- Manufactured houses are made in a factory and then moved to a site and assembled
- Mobile homes are dwellings that are built and assembled at a factory

Multifamily Dwellings

- *Multifamily dwellings* are buildings designed to house more than one family
 - Apartments range from low-cost units to expensive high-rises
 - * A *cooperative* is a multi-unit building owned by and operated for the benefit of those who live there
 - * A *condominium* is an individually owned housing unit in a multiunit structure

Did You Know

- Housing is a powerful force in the economy
- Single-family and multifamily construction and remodeling account for almost \$328 billion annually



Summary for Topic 23-1

- When choosing a place to live, start by considering your needs
 - physical
 - social
 - psychological

Summary for Topic 23-1

- You can choose between
 - single-family houses
 - attached
 - freestanding
 - multifamily dwellings
 - apartments
 - cooperatives
 - condominiums