

PowerPoint Presentations for

Learning for Earning

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The Goodheart-Willcox Co., Inc. Tinley Park, Illinois CHAPTER
24

Budgets

Chapter Objectives

After studying this chapter, you will be able to

- identify sources of income.
- list fixed and flexible expenses that may be included in a budget.
- develop and evaluate a spending calendar.
- prepare a want list with both short-range and long-range goals.
- plan a budget.

Key Terms

- budget
- fixed expense
- flexible expense

The Need for Money Management

- You need money to buy the things you need and want.
- The amount of money you earn affects what you are able to buy.
- Budget A plan for the use or management of money.
- Spending habits can affect your budget more than the total income you have available.



Did You Know?

The origin of the word "budget" is the Latin word "bulga." A bulga was a small pouch that could be used to carry money or other items of value.

Source: www.worldwidewords.org

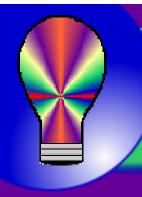


Sources of Income

- The first step in making a budget is to identify your steady sources of income.
- Conservatively estimate income that varies, such as tips and gifts.
- Knowing your expected income will help you know how much to plan for paying expenses.

Types of Expenses

- Fixed expense Something for which a set amount of money must be paid regularly, such as rent, insurance, or tuition.
- Flexible expense An expense that varies in amount and does not occur on a regular basis, such as food, transportation, or entertainment.



Think About It

- When can savings be considered an expense?
 - * When a set amount is saved routinely (which makes it a fixed expense) or occasionally (which makes it a flexible expense)





Did You Know?

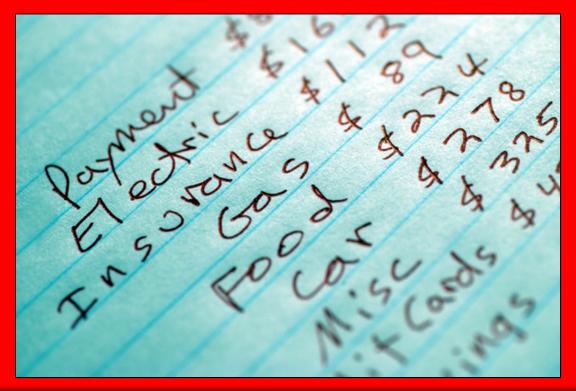
- Expenses are often identified by how frequently they occur:
 - daily expenses every day
 - * weekly expenses once a week
 - monthly expenses once a month
 - quarterly expenses four times a year
 - semiannual expenses twice a year
 - annual expenses once a year

Types of Expenses

- You have more control over flexible expenses because they often
 - vary with your wants.
 - can be adjusted.
- Fixed expenses can be minimized by saving for a major purchase and paying the full amount instead of making monthly payments.

How Do You Spend Your Money?

 To use money wisely, you must know how much is spent on fixed and flexible expenses.



A Spending Calendar

- A spending calendar will help you track how you spend your money over time.
- Record all expenses for each day in the calendar.
- Total your expenses for each week and month.
- After a month, the calendar will start to show your pattern of spending habits.

A Spending Calendar

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Week Total
Savings \$10.00 Grocery \$65.34	Lunch \$5.00 Gas \$9.25	Lunch \$5.00 Movie \$9.00	Lunch \$6.35 Gas \$35.00	Lunch \$5.00	Lunch \$7.00 Dinner \$16.00	DVDs \$26.95 Clothes \$34.34	\$234.23
Savings \$10.00 Grocery \$34.69	Lunch \$6.35 Cable \$69.95	Lunch \$5.00 Movie \$9.00	Lunch \$7.00	Lunch \$5.00 Gas \$28.75	Lunch \$5.00 Dinner \$25.00	Gift \$25.00	\$230.74

How Do You Want to Spend Your Money?



A good money management system helps you use your income to obtain your "wants" and reach your goals.

A "Want" List

- Create a list of things you want.
- Your want list should contain two columns, labeled now and later.
- The now column is for items you want within a year.
- The *later* column is for long-range goals that take more than a year to acquire.

A "Want" List

Now	Cost	Later	Cost	
DVD box set	\$69.95	Used car	\$5,000.00	
Hardcover book	\$24.95	New computer	\$1,500.00	
Concert tickets	\$100.00	Trip to Europe	\$4,000.00	
Concert T-shirt	\$30.00	Complete works of favorite	\$300.00	
Weekend trip	\$150.00	author in hardcover		



Think About It

- Which items on your "want" list are most important? are least important?
- Which items would you eliminate if you needed to reduce expenses?
- How do you plan to pay for the items on your "want" list?

Planning a Budget

- Your budget is your personal guide to spending and saving.
- Begin by reviewing your spending calendar to see how you spend money.



Planning a Budget

- Also review your "want" list to focus on your goals.
- For a workable budget, your estimated income must equal or exceed expenses.
- Once a budget is planned, try to follow it, but change it when necessary.

Planning a Budget

- There are five guidelines for planning a good budget.
- 1. Estimate your income.
- 2. List your fixed expenses.
- 3. Review your short-range and long-range goals.
- 4. Estimate your flexible expenses.
- 5. Set aside a portion of each paycheck for savings and miscellaneous expenses.



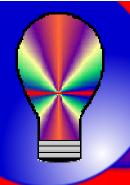
Think About It

- What changes might you make in your expenses in the following cases?
 - Your income decreases.
 - Your income increases.
- * How would your budget change if one or more of your fixed expenses increased?

In Your Opinion

Why should a person set aside a portion of each paycheck for savings?





Think About It

- * Explain why money management is necessary.
- Compare fixed and flexible expenses.
- Describe how to develop and evaluate a
 - spending calendar
 - "want" list
 - budget

Chapter 24: In the Know

- Money management helps you get what you need and still have money for "wants."
- A fixed expense remains the same over time, but a flexible expense varies.
- A spending calendar is a good way to track expenses over time.
- A "want" list includes short-range and longrange goals that involve current and future expenses.
- A budget is a plan for wisely balancing total income and expenses.



Chapter 24: Think More About It

- What are your
 - short-range and long-range goals?
 - fixed and flexible expenses?
- Are all your financial goals achievable?
- What must you do to develop a budget that will help you reach your financial goals?